



## Shear and Moment Diagrams for a Continuous Beam

The slope-deflection method is used to determine the shear and moment diagram for the beam shown below. A comparison between results obtained from the hand solution and spSlab/spBeam software is provided to illustrate the features and capabilities of the spBeam and spSlab software programs.

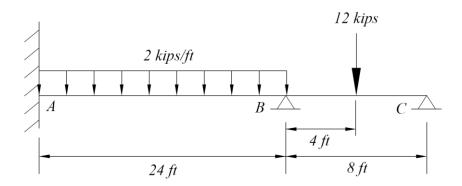


Figure 1 – Continuous Beam





## Scope

1.	Determine the Fixed-End Moments (FEM)	. 1
	Slope-Deflection Equations	
	2.1. Span AB (End Span with Far End Fixed)	
	2.2. Span BC (End Span with Far End Pinned)	
	Equilibrium Equations	
	Shear and Moment Diagrams	
	spSlab/spBeam Software Program Model Solution	
	Summary and Comparison of Results	
	Conclusions & Observations	





### Reference

Structural Analysis. Eighth Edition, 2012 R. C. Hibbeler, Example 11.2

### **Analysis Data**

EI is considered constant

 $L_{AB} = 24 \text{ ft}$ 

 $L_{BC} = 8 \text{ ft}$ 

Support A is fixed

Supports B and C are pined

 $w_u = 2$  kips/ft between supports A and B

 $P_u = 12$  kips at 4 ft away from support B

### **Solution**

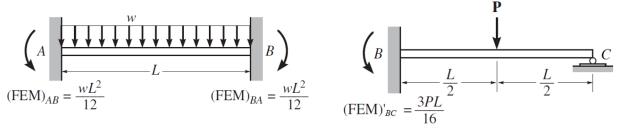
The slope-deflection technique is used to analyze indeterminate beams and framed structures along with the moment distribution technique, this method was originally developed in the 1915 by G. Manderla and O Mohr to investigate the secondary stresses in trusses. G. A. Maney developed this technique and applied it to the analysis of indeterminate beams and framed structures. The following shows a detailed analysis of two-span beam using slope-deflection technique. The results are compared with values obtained from spSlab software.

## 1. Determine the Fixed-End Moments (FEM)

$$FEM_{AB} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -\frac{2 \times 24^2}{12} = -96 \, kips - ft$$

$$FEM_{BA} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = \frac{2 \times 24^2}{12} = 96 \, kips - ft$$

$$FEM_{BC} = -\frac{3PL}{16} = -\frac{3 \times 12 \times 8}{16} = -18 \, kips - ft$$



<u>Figure 2 – Fixed-End Moments Equations</u>





### 2. Slope-Deflection Equations

### 2.1. Span AB (End Span with Far End Fixed)

Span AB is end span with far end fixed, the general slope-deflection equation should be used:

$$M_N = 2Ek(2\theta_N + \theta_F - 3\Psi) + FEM_N$$

Where:

 $M_N$  = internal moment in the near end of the span; kips-ft

This moment is positive clockwise when acting on the span.

E = modulus of elasticity; ksi

 $k = \text{span stiffness} = I/L; in^3$ 

 $\theta_N$  = near-end slope or angular displacement of the span at the support; rad positive clockwise

 $\theta_F$  = far-end slope or angular displacement of the span at the support; rad positive clockwise

 $\Psi$  = span rotation of its cord due to a linear displacement =  $\Delta/L$ ; rad positive clockwise

Since the supports do not settle,  $\Psi_{AB} = \Psi_{BC} = 0$ .

 $FEM_N$  = fixed-end moment at the near-end support; kips-ft positive clockwise when acting on the span

Note that by inspection,  $\theta_A = 0$ , for  $M_{AB}$ :

$$M_{AB} = 2E\left(\frac{I}{L}\right)(2\theta_A + \theta_B - 3(0)) + FEM_{AB} = 2E\left(\frac{I}{24}\right)(2(0) + \theta_B - 3(0)) - 96$$

$$M_{AB} = 0.08333EI\theta_B - 96$$
Eq. (1)

For  $M_{BA}$ :

$$M_{BA} = 2E\left(\frac{I}{L}\right)(2\theta_B + \theta_A - 3(0)) + FEM_{BA} = 2E\left(\frac{I}{24}\right)(2\theta_B + 0 - 3(0)) + 96$$

$$M_{BA} = 0.1667EI\theta_B + 96$$
Eq. (2)

## 2.2. Span BC (End Span with Far End Pinned)

Span BC is end span with far end pinned, the following slope-deflection equation can be used so that it has to be applied only once to the span rather than twice:

$$M_N = 3Ek(\theta_N - \Psi) + FEM_N$$

Applying this equation for span BC with B as the near end and C as the far end:

$$M_{BC} = 3E\left(\frac{I}{L}\right)(\theta_B - (0)) + FEM_{BC} = 3E\left(\frac{I}{8}\right)(\theta_B - (0)) - 18$$

$$M_{BC} = 0.375EI\theta_B - 18$$
Eq. (3)





### 3. Equilibrium Equations

The conditions of equilibrium at the support B is used to find the fourth equation that is necessary to calculate the four unknowns from the above three equations.

From the free body diagram for support B shown in Figure 3:

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0$$

Eq. (4)

 $( \bigwedge^{V_{B_L}} \stackrel{B}{\longrightarrow} \bigvee^{M_{BC}} )$ 

Where counterclockwise is positive.

By substituting Eq. (2) and Eq. (3) into Eq. (4)

$$(0.1667EI\theta_B + 96) + (0.375EI\theta_B - 18) = 0$$

Figure 3 – Free Body Diagram for Support B

$$\theta_B = -\frac{144}{FI}$$

By substituting  $\theta_B$  into Eq. (1), Eq. (2), and Eq. (3):

$$M_{AR} = -108.0 \text{ kips} - \text{ft}$$

$$M_{BA} = +72.0 \ kips - ft$$

$$M_{RC} = -72.0 \text{ kips} - \text{ft}$$

## 4. Shear and Moment Diagrams

Using these moments, the shear reactions at the ends of the beam spans can be found as shown in Figure 4. The shear and moment diagrams are plotted in Figure 5.

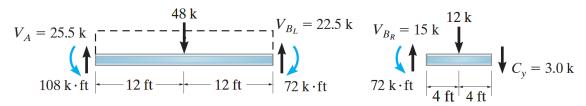


Figure 4 – Moments and Shear Reactions at the Ends of the Beam Spans

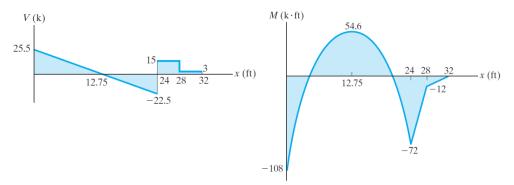


Figure 5 – Shear and Moment Diagrams





## 5. spSlab/spBeam Software Program Model Solution

spSlab/spBeam is utilized to analyze continuous beams and one-way slabs using the stiffness method. The software calculates the internal forces (shear forces and bending moments), moment and shear capacities, immediate and long-term deflection results, and required flexural and shear reinforcement. The goal of this example is to show how spSlab/spBeam software calculates moment and shear values that are used to complete the design of beams and slabs in concrete floor systems.

The graphical and text results are provided in Appendix A for both input and output of the spSlab/spBeam model.

## 6. Summary and Comparison of Results

The moment diagram from the hand calculation shows positive moments on the compression side. While the positive moments from spSlab/spBeam is drawn on the tension side.

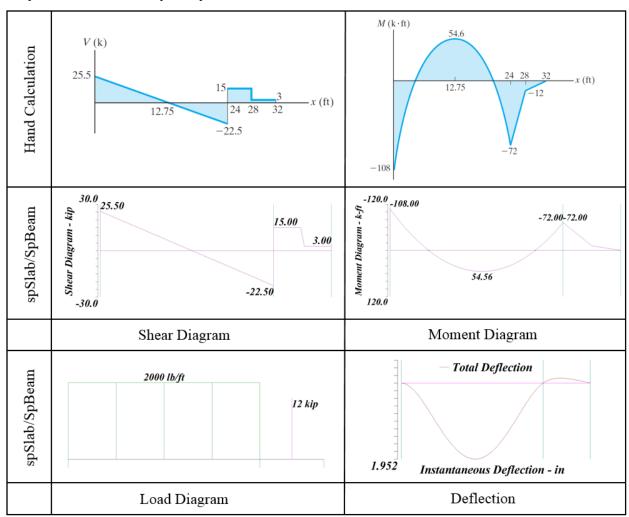


Figure 6 – Shear and Moment Diagrams





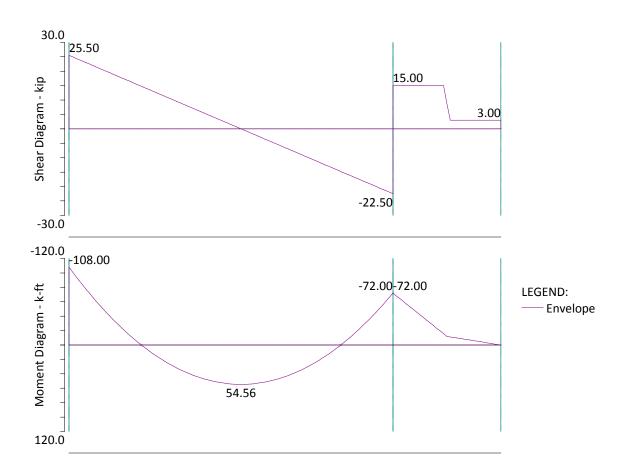
### 7. Conclusions & Observations

The results from hand solution using slope-deflection and spSlab/spBeam software using the stiffness method are exactly identical. spBeam/spSlab output provides a host of other detailed output such as deflections and reactions. The output is also used to determine required flexural, shear, and torsion reinforcement for concrete floor systems. The software can be used for up to 20 spans including various load type and conditions and considers live load patterning and moment redistribution for up to 255 load combinations.

		2000	lb/ft		
					12 kip
					CASE: David
					CASE: Dead
cnCl	ah v5 00 Licensed to S	tructuraDoint Licones II	O: 66184.1055152 4 2C	6B6-2C6B6	
		tructurePoint. License II		0B0-2C0B0	
	ect: Continuous Beam\C	Continuous_Beam_Slope	_periection.sib		
	me: Continuous Beam				
Eng	ineer: SP				

Code: ACI 318-14

Date: 12/19/16
Time: 15:09:14



spSlab v5.00. Licensed to: StructurePoint. License ID: 66184-1055152-4-2C6B6-2C6B6

File: C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

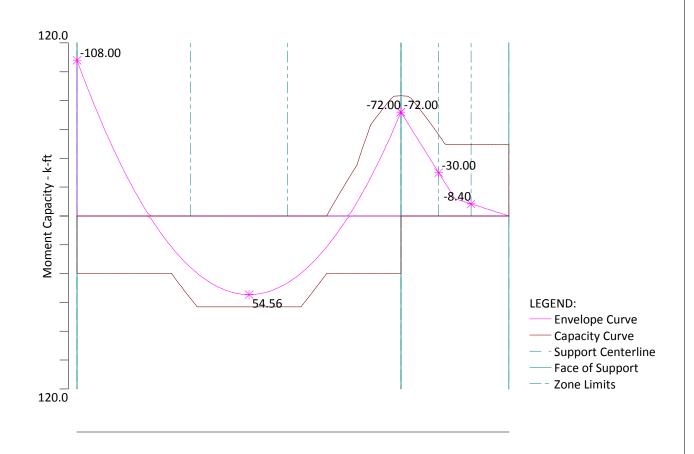
Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam

Engineer: SP

Code: ACI 318-14

Date: 12/19/16

Time: 15:10:01

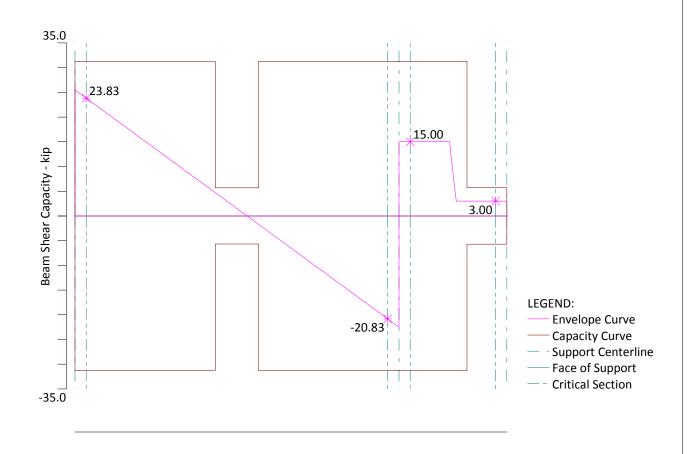


File: C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam

Engineer: SP

Code: ACI 318-14 Date: 12/19/16 Time: 15:10:38



File: C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

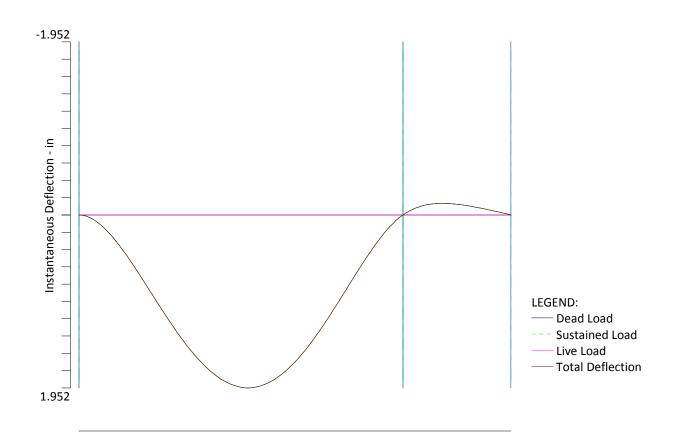
Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam

Engineer: SP

Code: ACI 318-14

Date: 12/19/16

Time: 15:11:11



 $File: C: \verb|\Continuous_Beam_Slope_Deflection.slb| \\$ 

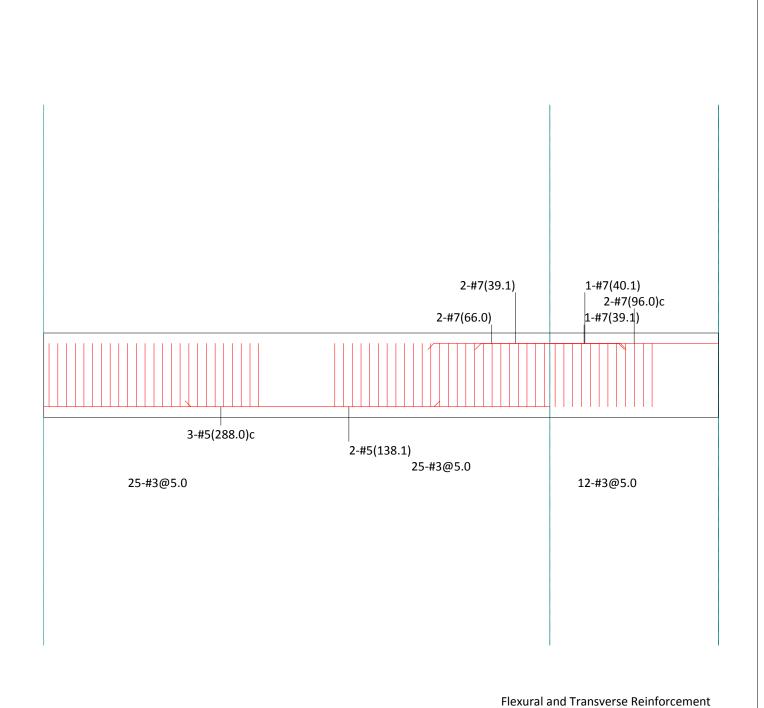
Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam

Engineer: SP

Code: ACI 318-14

Date: 12/19/16

Time: 15:11:27



File: C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam

Engineer: SP

Code: ACI 318-14

Date: 12/19/16

Time: 15:13:22

				000	000	0				0		
				00	00	00				00		
000	00	0000	000	00		00		000	000	00		
00	0	00	00	00		00		0	00	00		
00		00	00	00	0	00		000	000	0000	000	
000	00	00	00		000	00		00	00	00	00	
	00	0000	000		00	00		00	00	00	00	
0	00	00		00	00	00	0	00	00	00	00	
000	00	00		000	000	00	0	000	0000	000	000	(MT)

spSlab v5.00 (TM)

A Computer Program for Analysis, Design, and Investigation of Reinforced Concrete Beams, One-way and Two-way Slab Systems Copyright © 2003-2015, STRUCTUREPOINT, LLC

All rights reserved

\_\_\_\_\_

Licensee stated above acknowledges that STRUCTUREPOINT (SP) is not and cannot be responsible for either the accuracy or adequacy of the material supplied as input for processing by the spSlab computer program. Furthermore, STRUCTUREPOINT neither makes any warranty expressed nor implied with respect to the correctness of the output prepared by the spSlab program. Although STRUCTUREPOINT has endeavored to produce spSlab error free the program is not and cannot be certified infallible. The final and only responsibility for analysis, design and engineering documents is the licensee's. Accordingly, STRUCTUREPOINT disclaims all responsibility in contract, negligence or other tort for any analysis, design or engineering documents prepared in connection with the use of the spSlab

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### General Information

File name: C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

Project: Continuous Beam Frame: Continuous Beam Engineer: SP Code: ACI 318-14

Reinforcement Database: ASTM A615

Mode: Design

Number of supports = 3Floor System: One-Way/Beam

Live load pattern ratio = 100%

Deflections are based on cracked section properties.

In negative moment regions, Ig and Mcr DO NOT include flange/slab contribution (if available)

Long-term deflections are calculated for load duration of 60 months.

0% of live load is sustained.

Compression reinforcement calculations NOT selected.

Default incremental rebar design selected. Moment redistribution NOT selected.

Effective flange width calculations NOT selected.

Rigid beam-column joint NOT selected.

Torsion analysis and design NOT selected.

### Material Properties

		Slabs Beams		Colum	nns		
WC	=	150			150	lb,	/ft3
f'c	-	4			4	ksi	Ĺ
Ec	=	3834.3		383	34.3	ksi	Ĺ
fr	=	0.47434		0.47	7434	ksi	Ĺ
_				_			
fy	=	60	ksı,	Bars a	are	not	epoxy-coated
fyt	-	60	ksi				
Es	=	29000	ksi				

### Reinforcement Database

\_\_\_\_\_ Dl- (:-) 71- (:-00) til- (11-/5-)

Units	: Db (1n)	, Ab (1n^	2), Wb (1b	/It)			
Size	Db	Ab	Wb	Size	Db	Ab	Wb
#3	0.38	0.11	0.38	#4	0.50	0.20	0.67
#5	0.63	0.31	1.04	#6	0.75	0.44	1.50
#7	0.88	0.60	2.04	#8	1.00	0.79	2.67
#9	1.13	1.00	3.40	#10	1.27	1.27	4.30
#11	1.41	1.56	5.31	#14	1.69	2.25	7.65
#18	2.26	4.00	13.60				

Span Data

Slabs

Units: L1, wL, wR (ft); t, Hmin (in) Span Loc L1 t wL Hmin \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 1 Int 24.000 0.00 0.500 0.500 0.00 2 Int 8.000 0.00 0.500 0.500 0.00

Ribs and Longitudinal Beams

Units: b, h, Sp (in)

		Ribs		Bea	ams	Span	
Span	b	h	Sp	b	h	Hmin	
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.00	12.00	15.57	*b
2	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.00	12.00	5.19	
NOTES	3:						

\*b - Span depth is less than minimum. Deflection check required.

### Support Data

## Columns

\_\_\_\_\_

Units:	cla,	c2a,	c1b,	c2b	(in);	Нa,	Нb	(ft)					
Supp	c1	.a	c2 <i>a</i>	ì	На			c1b	C	2b		Нb	Red%
1	0.0	0	0.00	)	0.000		(	0.00	0.	00	0.0	00	999
2	0.0	0	0.00	)	0.000		(	0.00	0.	00	0.0	00	0
3	0.0	0	0.00	)	0.000		(	0.00	0.	00	0.0	00	0

### Boundary Conditions

Units: Kz (kip/in); Kry (kip-in/rad)

Supp	Spring Kz	Spring Kry	Far End A	Far End B
1			Fixed	Fixed
2	0	0	Fixed	Fixed
3	0	0	Fixed	Fixed

#### Load Data =======

Load Cases and Combinations

Case Dead DEAD Type U1 1.000

Line Loads

Units: Wa, Wb (lb/ft), La, Lb (ft)

Case/Patt	Span	Wa	La	dW	Lb
Dead	1	2000.00	0.000	2000.00	24.000

Point Forces

Units: Wa (kip), La (ft)
Case/Patt Span Wa La 2 12.00 4.000 Dead

#### Reinforcement Criteria \_\_\_\_\_\_

### Slabs and Ribs

	Top k	oars	Bottom ]	oars	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Bar Size	#4	#4	#4	#4	
Bar spacing	1.00	18.00	1.00	18.00	in
Reinf ratio	0.18	2.00	0.18	2.00	용
Cover	1.00		1.00		in
There is NOT	[ more than	n 12 in	of concrete	e below	top bars.

### Beams

	Тор	bars	Bottom	bars		Stir	rups	
	Min	Max	Min	Max		Min	Max	
Bar Size	#5	#8	#5	#8		#3	#5	
Bar spacing	1.00	18.00	1.00	18.00		6.00	18.00	in
Reinf ratio	0.14	5.00	0.14	5.00	용			
Cover	1.50		1.50		in			
Layer dist.	1.00		1.00		in			
No. of legs						2	6	
Side cover						1.50		in

spSlab v5.00 © StructurePoint License ID: 66184-1055152-4-2C6B6-2C6B6 C:\Continuous Beam\Continuous\_Beam\_Slope\_Deflection.slb

12-19-2016, 03:13:56 PM

1st Stirrup  $$3.00\,$  in There is NOT more than 12 in of concrete below top bars.

Page 3

				000	000	0				0		
				00	00	00				00		
000	000	0000	000	00		00		000	000	00		
00	0	00	00	00		00		0	00	00		
00		00	00	00	0	00		000	0000	0000	000	
000	000	00	00		000	00		00	00	00	00	
	00	0000	000		00	00		00	00	00	00	
0	00	00		00	00	00	0	00	00	00	00	
00000		00		000	000	00	0	000	000 0	000	000	(MT)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

spSlab v5.00 (TM)

A Computer Program for Analysis, Design, and Investigation of Reinforced Concrete Beams, One-way and Two-way Slab Systems
Copyright © 2003-2015, STRUCTUREPOINT, LLC
All rights reserved

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Licensee stated above acknowledges that STRUCTUREPOINT (SP) is not and cannot be responsible for either the accuracy or adequacy of the material supplied as input for processing by the spSlab computer program. Furthermore, STRUCTUREPOINT neither makes any warranty expressed nor implied with respect to the correctness of the output prepared by the spSlab program. Although STRUCTUREPOINT has endeavored to produce spSlab error free the program is not and cannot be certified infallible. The final and only responsibility for analysis, design and engineering documents is the licensee's. Accordingly, STRUCTUREPOINT disclaims all responsibility in contract, negligence or other tort for any analysis, design or engineering documents prepared in connection with the use of the spSlab program.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### [Z] DESIGN RESULTS

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### Top Reinforcement

Units: Width Span Zone	(ft), Mmax Width	(k-ft), Xm Mmax	nax (ft), Xmax	As (in^2), AsMin	Sp (in) AsMax	AsReq	SpProv	Bars
1 Left	1.00	108.00	0.000	0.408	2.208	3.010	0.000	> MAX *2
Midspan	1.00	0.00	12.000	0.000	2.208	0.000	0.000	
Right	1.00	72.00	24.000	0.403	2.181	1.837	2.133	4-#7
2 Left	1.00	72.00	0.000	0.403	2.181	1.837	2.133	4-#7
Midspan	1.00	30.00	2.800	0.403	2.181	0.698	6.399	2-#7
Right	1.00	8.40	5.200	0.250	2.181	0.188	6.399	2-#7 *3

- \*2 Reinforcement exceeds maximum allowable value.
- \*3 Design governed by minimum reinforcement.

# Top Bar Details

Units: Length (ft)

		Left_			Continuous				Right		
Span	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	Bars	Length	
1		ERROF	₹				2-#7	5.50	2-#7	3.26	
2	1-#7	3.34	1-#7	3.26	2-#7	8.00					

Top Bar Development Lengths

Units: Length (in)

Left					Cont	inuous	Right			
Span	Bars	Length	Bars	DevLen	Bars	DevLen	Bars	DevLen	Bars	DevLen
1							2-#7	39.09	2-#7	39.09
2	1-#7	39.09	1-#7	39.09	2-#7	16.36				

### Bottom Reinforcement

Units: Width (ft), Mmax (k-ft), Xmax (ft), As (in^2), Sp (in)

Bars	SpProv	AsReq	AsMax	AsMin	Xmax	Mmax	Width	Span
5-#5	1.644	1.315	2.208	0.408	12.750	54.56	1.00	1
	0.000	0.000	2.208	0.000	4.000	0.00	1.00	2

Bottom Bar Details

Units: Start (ft), Length (ft)

	I	Long Bars	5	Sh	nort Bars	5
Span	Bars	Start	Length	Bars	Start	Length

3-#5 0.00 24.00 2-#5 6.99 11.51

2 ---

Bottom Bar Development Lengths \_\_\_\_\_

Units: DevLen (in)

	Long	Bars	Short	Bars
Span	Bars	DevLen	Bars	DevLen
1	3-#5	22.95	2-#5	22.95
2				

### Flexural Capacity

Units: x (ft), As (in^2), PhiMn, Mu (k-ft)

			Top						Bottom				
Span	X	AsTop	PhiMn-	Mu-	Comb	Pat	Status	AsBot	PhiMn+	Mu+	Comb	Pat	Status
1	0.000	0.00	0.00	-108.00	U1	All	*EXCEEDED	0.93	39.77	0.00	U1	All	OK
	5.250	0.00	0.00	-1.69	U1	All	*EXCEEDED	0.93	39.77	0.00	U1	All	OK
	6.994	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.77	21.43	U1	All	OK
	8.400	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.39	57.18	35.63	U1	All	OK
	8.906	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.55	63.11	39.77	U1	All	OK
	12.000	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.55	63.11	54.00	U1	All	OK
	12.750	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.55	63.11	54.56	U1	All	OK
	15.600	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.55	63.11	46.43	U1	All	OK
	16.594	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	1.55	63.11	39.77	U1	All	OK
	18.500	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.85	21.50	U1	All	OK
	18.506	0.00	-0.10	0.00	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.77	21.43	U1	All	OK
	20.743	0.83	-35.16	-9.32	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.77	0.00	U1	All	OK
	21.757	1.57	-63.06	-26.57	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.77	0.00	U1	All	OK
	24.000	2.40	-83.42	-72.00	U1	All	OK	0.93	39.77	0.00	U1	All	OK
2	0.000	2.40	-83.42	-72.00	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	0.081	2.39	-83.39	-70.79	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	2.800	1.38	-56.31	-30.00	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	3.257	1.21	-50.13	-23.14	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	3.338	1.20	-49.57	-21.93	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	4.000	1.20	-49.57	-12.00	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	5.200	1.20	-49.57	-8.40	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK
	8.000	1.20	-49.57	0.00	U1	All	OK	0.00	0.00	0.00	U1	All	OK

#### Longitudinal Beam Transverse Reinforcement Demand and Capacity -----

Section Properties

Units: d (in), Av/s (in^2/in), PhiVc (kip) Span d (Av/s)min PhiVc

Span	u	(AV/S)IIIIII	PILLVC
1	10.00	0.0100	11.38
2	10.06	0.0100	11.46

## Beam Transverse Reinforcement Demand

Units: Start, End, Xu (in), Vu (ft), Av/s (kip/in^2)

		_			_Demand_			
Span	Start	End	Xu	Vu (	Comb/Patt	Av/s	Av/s	
1	0.250 4.024 7.214 10.405 13.595 16.786 19.976	4.024 7.214 10.405 13.595 16.786 19.976 23.750	0.833 4.024 7.214 10.405 16.786 19.976 23.167	23.83 17.45 11.07 4.69 8.07 14.45 20.83	U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All	0.0277 0.0135 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0068 0.0210	0.0277 0.0135 0.0100 0.0000 0.0100 0.0100 0.0210	*8 *8
2	0.250 1.892 2.946 4.000 5.054 6.108	1.892 2.946 4.000 5.054 6.108 7.750	0.839 1.892 2.946 4.000 5.054 6.108	15.00 15.00 15.00 9.00 3.00 3.00	U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All U1/All	0.0078 0.0078 0.0078 0.0000 0.0000	0.0100 0.0100 0.0100 0.0100 0.0000 0.0000	*8 *8 *8

### NOTES:

\*8 - Minimum transverse (stirrup) reinforcement governs.

Beam Transverse Reinforcement Details

Units: spacing & distance (in).

Span Size Stirrups (2 legs each unless otherwise noted)

- 1 #3 25 @ 5.0 + <-- 38.3 --> + 25 @ 5.0 2 #3 12 @ 5.0 + <-- 32.4 -->

Beam Transverse Reinforcement Capacity

Units: Start. End. Xu (ft). Vu. PhiVn (kip). Av/s (in^2/in). Av (in^2). Sp (in)

UHILLS.	stalt,	EIIU, AU (			.p), Av/s (. :ired		Provided				
Span	Start	End	Xu	Vu	Comb/Patt	Av/s	Av	Sp	Av/s	PhiVn	
1	0.000	0.250	0.833	23.83	U1/All						
	0.250	10.405	0.833	23.83	U1/All	0.0277	0.22	5.0	0.0442	31.29	
	10.405	13.595	10.405	4.69	U1/All	0.0000				5.69	
	13.595	23.750	23.167	20.83	U1/All	0.0210	0.22	5.0	0.0442	31.29	
	23.750	24.000	23.167	20.83	U1/All						
2	0.000	0.250	0.839	15.00	U1/All						
	0.250	5.054	0.839	15.00	U1/All	0.0078	0.22	5.0	0.0439	31.33	
	5.054	7.161	5.054	3.00	U1/All	0.0000				5.73	
	7.161	7.750	7.161	3.00	U1/All	0.0000				5.73	
	7.750	8.000	7.161	3.00	U1/All						

#### NOTES:

\*8 - Minimum transverse (stirrup) reinforcement governs.

## Slab Shear Capacity

\_\_\_\_\_

Units: b, d (in), Xu (ft), PhiVc, Vu(kip) Span b d Vratio PhiVc Vu Xu

#### Material Takeoff \_\_\_\_\_

Reinforcement in the Direction of Analysis \_\_\_\_\_

Top Bars: 82.0 lb <=> 2.56 lb/ft <=> 2.562 lb/ft^2
Bottom Bars: 99.1 lb <=> 3.10 lb/ft <=> 3.097 lb/ft^2
Stirrups: 73.8 lb <=> 2.31 lb/ft <=> 2.307 lb/ft^2
Total Steel: 254.9 lb <=> 7.97 lb/ft <=> 7.966 lb/ft^2
Concrete: 32.0 ft^3 <=> 1.00 ft^3/ft <=> 1.000 ft^3/ft^2

<sup>1 ---</sup> Not checked ---

<sup>2 ---</sup> Not checked ---

				000000		0				0		
				00	00	00				00		
000	00000 000000		00		00		00000		00			
00	0	00	00	00		00		0	00	00		
00		00	00	00	0	00		000	0000	0000	000	
000	000	00	00		000	00		00	00	00	00	
	00	0000	000		00	00		00	00	00	00	
0	00	00		00	00	00	0	00	00	00	00	
000	000	00		000	000	00	0	000	0000	000	000	(MT)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

spSlab v5.00 (TM)

A Computer Program for Analysis, Design, and Investigation of Reinforced Concrete Beams, One-way and Two-way Slab Systems Copyright @ 2003-2015, STRUCTUREPOINT, LLC

All rights reserved

Licensee stated above acknowledges that STRUCTUREPOINT (SP) is not and cannot be responsible for either the accuracy or adequacy of the material supplied as input for processing by the spSlab computer program. Furthermore, STRUCTUREPOINT neither makes any warranty expressed nor implied with respect to the correctness of the output prepared by the spSlab program. Although STRUCTUREPOINT has endeavored to produce spSlab error free the program is not and cannot be certified infallible. The final and only responsibility for analysis, design and engineering documents is the licensee's. Accordingly, STRUCTUREPOINT disclaims all responsibility in contract, negligence or other tort for any analysis, design or engineering documents prepared in connection with the use of the spSlab program.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### [3] DEFLECTION RESULTS

### Section Properties

Frame Section Properties

Units: Ig, Icr (in^4), Mcr (k-ft)

			M+ve		M-A6				
Span	Zone	Ig	Icr	Mcr	Ig	Icr	Mcr		
1	Left	1728	471	11.38	1728	0	-11.38		
	Midspan Right	1728 1728	471 471	11.38 11.38	1728 1728	920	-11.38 -11.38		
2	Left Midspan	1728 1728	0	11.38 11.38	1728 1728	920 558	-11.38 -11.38		
	Right	1728	0	11.38	1728	558	-11.38		

NOTES: M+ve values are for positive moments (tension at bottom face).

M-ve values are for negative moments (tension at top face).

Frame Effective Section Properties

Units: Ie, Ie, avg  $(in^4)$ , Mmax (k-ft)

			Load Level						
			DeadSusta:			tained	ainedDe		
Span	Zone	Weight	Mmax	Ie	Mmax	Ie	Mmax	Ie	
1	Left	0.150	-108.00	2	-108.00	2	-108.00	2	
	Middle	0.700	54.56	483	54.56	483	54.56	483	
	Right	0.150	-72.00	923	-72.00	923	-72.00	923	
	Span Avq			477		477		477	
2	Left	0.150	-72.00	923	-72.00	923	-72.00	923	
	Middle	0.850	-27.00	646	-27.00	646	-27.00	646	
	Span Avq			688		688		688	

### Instantaneous Deflections

Extreme Instantaneous Frame Deflections and Corresponding Locations

Units: Def (in), Loc (ft)

					Live	Total		
Span	Direction	Value	Dead	Sustained	Unsustained	Total	Sustained	Dead+Live
1	Down	Def	1.952				1.952	1.952
		Loc	12.500				12.500	12.500
	Up	Def						
		Loc						
2	Down	Def						
		Loc						
	Up	Def	-0.130				-0.130	-0.130
		Loc	3.000				3.000	3.000

#### \_\_\_\_\_

Long-term Deflection Factors

-----

Time dependant factor for sustained loads = 2.000

Units: Astop, Asbot (in^2), b, d (in), Rho' (%), Lambda (-)

				_M+ve					_M-ve		
Span	Zone	Astop	b	d	Rho'	Lambda	Asbot	b	d	Rho'	Lambda
1	Midspan				0.000	2.000				0.000	2.000
2	Midspan				0.000	2.000				0.000	2.000

NOTES: Deflection multiplier, Lambda, depends on moment sign at sustained load level and Rho' in given zone. Rho' is assumed zero because Compression Reinforcement option is NOT selected in Solve Options.

 ${\tt Extreme \ Long-term \ Frame \ Deflections \ and \ Corresponding \ Locations}$ 

Units: Def (in)	, Loc	(ft)			
Span Direction	Value	CS	cs+lu	cs+l	Total
1 Down	Def	3.904	3.904	3.904	5.856
	Loc	12.500	12.500	12.500	12.500
Up	Def				
	Loc				
2 Down	Def				
	Loc				
qU	Def	-0.260	-0.260	-0.260	-0.390
	Loc	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.000

NOTES: Incremental deflections due to creep and shrinkage (cs) based on sustained load level values.

Incremental deflections after partitions are installed can be estimated by deflections due to:

- creep and shrinkage plus unsustained live load (cs+lu), if live load applied before partitions,

- creep and shrinkage plus live load (cs+l), if live load applied after partitions.

Total deflections consist of dead, live, and creep and shrinkage deflections.